## A COPY OF THE SARC IS AVAILABLE UPON REQUEST AT THE SCHOOL OFFICE

## School Accountability Report Card Reported for School Year 2003-2004 <br> Published During 2004-2005

## Notes regarding the source and currency of data:

Data included in this School Accountability Report Card (SARC) are consistent with State Board of Education guidelines, which are available at the California Department of Education Web site http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/sa/definitions04.asp. Most data presented in this report were collected from the 2003-04 school year or from the two preceding years (2001-02 and 2002-03). Due to the certification timelines for graduation, dropout, and fiscal information, the data for these sections of the report were collected in
2002-03.

| School Information |  | District Information |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| School Name | San Joaquin High (Cont.) | District Name | McFarland Unified |
| Principal | Robert Mena | Superintendent | Jim Schiffman |
| Street | 599 5th St. | Street | 601 Second St. |
| City, State, Zip | McFarland, CA 93250-1174 | City, State, Zip | McFarland, CA 93250-1121 |
| Phone Number | (661) 792-6312 | Phone Number | (661) 792-3081 |
| FAX Number | (661) 792-6758 | FAX Number | (661) 792-2447 |
| Web Site | www.Mcfarlandusd.org/ | Web Site | www.Mcfarlandusd.org/ |
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| CDS Code | 15-73908-1530146 | SARC Contact | Robert Mena |

## School Description and Mission Statement

The McFarland Learning Center is located at 599 Fifth Street in McFarland, California. The facility houses the McFarland Unified School District's Alternative Education Schools as well as the District's Adult Education Program. Specifically, the three programs within the center are: San Joaquin High School (Continuation), McFarland Independent School (Independent Study), and the Adult Education Program. The site facility is open from 7:00 a.m. to 9:00 p.m. Monday through Friday, providing tutorial services, English Language Development, career and vocational classes, diploma, computer, and GED preparation classes. McFarland Independent School provides tutorial instruction on a one-to-one basis for students working towards a high school diploma. The mission statement of the site and of the district is to ensure each student a learning environment that focuses on academic excellence encouraging staff/parental involvement emphasizing respect for positive self-image. Each student will be provided opportunities to develop social and emotional growth while acquiring values and appreciation of individuals differences.

## Opportunities for Parental Involvement

## Contact Person Name Robert Mena

Parents are encouraged to visit the school at anytime. Also, before enrollment of all minor students a parent and/or guardian must accompany the student for a pre-enrollment orientation meeting. Annually the McFarland Learning Center sponsors a Back-to-School Week and an Open House Week where we
invite all parents, community members, students and staff to participate and visit our school and the programs we offer. A school site council has also been established consisting of students, parents, principal and staff.

## I. Demographic Information

## Student Enrollment, by Grade Level

Data reported are the number of students in each grade level as reported by the California Basic Educational Data System (CBEDS).

| Grade Level | Enrollment | Grade Level | Enrollment |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Kindergarten | 0 | Grade 9 | 16 |
| Grade 1 | 0 | Grade 10 | 12 |
| Grade 2 | 0 | Grade 11 | 13 |
| Grade 3 | 0 | Grade 12 | 2 |
| Grade 4 | 0 | Ungraded Secondary | 0 |
| Grade 5 | 0 |  |  |
| Grade 6 | 0 |  |  |
| Grade 7 | 0 |  | 43 |
| Grade 8 | 0 |  |  |
| Ungraded Elementary | 0 | Total Enrollment |  |

## Student Enrollment, by Ethnic Group

Data reported are the number and percent of students in each racial/ethnic category as reported by CBEDS.

| Racial/Ethnic Category | Number <br> of <br> Students | Percent <br> of | Racial/Ethnic Category | Number <br> of <br> Students | Percent <br> of |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| African-American | 0 | 0.0 | Hispanic or Latino | 41 | 9.53 |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 1 | 2.3 | Pacific Islander | 0 | 0.0 |
| Asian | 1 | 2.3 | White (Not Hispanic) | 0 | 0.0 |
| Filipino | 0 | 0.0 | Multiple or No Response | 0 | 0.0 |

## II. School Safety and Climate for Learning

## School Safety Plan

| Date of Last Review/Updat | November 200 | Date Last Discussed with Staff | November $2004$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| The McFarland Learning Center staff reviews and updates the School Safety Plan at a minimum of two times per calendar year. An updated phone tree of all staff members are revised each year and serve as a portion of the School Safety Plan. The site facility also has mock safety drills several times per year. Local law enforcement officers as well as district personnel have participated in the McFarland Learning Center's Mock Safety Drills. |  |  |  |

## School Programs and Practices that Promote a Positive Learning Environment

The McFarland Learning Center's programs constantly stress the importance of education and the importance of earning a diploma. Each teacher is committed to maintaining high academic standards and to also serve the individual needs of each student. To that end, students are recognized for their
outstanding efforts in each program with a Quarterly Student Academic Activity Program. Emphasis is placed upon attendance, productivity/class work, and a cooperative attitude. The activities include food items and a movie or a field trip.

## Suspensions and Expulsions

Data reported are the number of suspensions and expulsions (i.e., the total number of incidents that result in a suspension or expulsion). The rate of suspensions and expulsions is the total number of incidents divided by the school's total enrollment as reported by CBEDS for the given year. In unified school districts, a comparison between a particular type of school (elementary, middle, high) and the district average may be misleading. Schools have the option of comparing their data with the district-wide average for the same type of school.

|  | School |  | District |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 |
| Number of Suspensions |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| Rate of Suspensions |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of Expulsions |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rate of Expulsions |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## School Facilities

Safety, cleanliness, and adequacy of school facilities, including any needed maintenance to ensure good repair. Description of the condition and cleanliness of the school grounds, buildings, and restrooms.
The McFarland Learning Center was built in 1984 and is very modern and efficient educational facility. There are eight classrooms. Evening English Language Development Classes are held from 6:00 p.m. to 9:00 p.m. Monday through Thursday. There is very little vandalism/graffiti which indicates that students and the community respect the facility.

## III. Academic Data

## Standardized Testing and Reporting (STAR)

Through the California Standardized Testing and Reporting (STAR) program, students in grades 2-11 are tested annually in various subject areas. Currently, the STAR program includes California Standards Tests (CST) and a norm-referenced test (NRT). The CST tests English-language arts and mathematics in grades 2-11, science in grades $5,9,10$, and 11, and history-social science in grades 8,10 , and 11 . The NRT tests reading, language, and mathematics in grades $2-11$, spelling in grades $2-8$, and science in grades 9-11.

## California Standards Tests (CST)

The California Standards Tests (CST) show how well students are doing in relation to the state content standards. Student scores are reported as performance levels. The five performance levels are Advanced (exceeds state standards), Proficient (meets state standards), Basic (approaching state standards), Below Basic (below state standards), and Far Below Basic (well below state standards). Students scoring at the Proficient or Advanced level meet state standards in that content area. Students scoring at the Proficient or Advanced level meet state standards in that content area. Students with significant cognitive disabilities who are unable to take the CST are tested using the California Alternate Performance Assessment (CAPA). Detailed information regarding CST and CAPA results for each grade and proficiency level can be found at the California Department of Education Web site at http://star.cde.ca.gov/ or by speaking with the school principal. Note: To protect student privacy, scores are not shown when the number of students tested is 10 or less.

## CST - All Students

Data reported are the percent of students achieving at the Proficient or Advanced level (meeting or exceeding the state standards).

| Subject | School |  |  | District |  |  | State |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ |
| English-Language Arts | 0 | 0 | 4 | 9 | 12 | 13 | 32 | 35 | 36 |
| Mathematics | 0 |  | 0 | 8 | 11 | 11 | 31 | 35 | 34 |
| Science | 0 | 0 |  | 10 | 12 | 5 | 30 | 27 | 25 |
| History-Social Science | 0 | 0 | 4 | 8 | 10 | 8 | 28 | 28 | 29 |

## CST - Racial/Ethnic Groups

Data reported are the percent of students achieving at the Proficient or Advanced level (meeting or exceeding the state standards).

| Subject | African- <br> American | American <br> Indian or <br> Alaska <br> Native | Asian | Filipino | Hispanic <br> or Latino | Pacific <br> Islander | White <br> (not <br> Hispanic) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| English-Language Arts |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |
| Mathematics |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |
| Science |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| History-Social Science |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |

## CST - Subgroups

Data reported are the percent of students achieving at the Proficient or Advanced level (meeting or exceeding the state standards).

| Subject | Male | Female | English Learners | Economically Disadvantaged |  | Students With Disabilities |  | Migrant Education Services |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Yes | No | Yes | No |  |
| English-Language Arts | 5 | 4 | 0 | 3 | 6 |  | 4 |  |
| Mathematics | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  |
| Science |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| History-Social Science | 0 | 7 | 0 | 5 |  |  | 4 |  |

## Norm-Referenced Test (NRT)

Reading and mathematics results from the California Achievement Test, Sixth Edition (CAT-6), the current NRT adopted by the State Board of Education, are reported for each grade level as the percent of tested students scoring at or above the 50th percentile (the national average). School results are compared to results at the district and state levels. The CAT-6 was adopted in 2003; therefore, no data are reported for 2002. Detailed information regarding results for each grade level can be found at the California Department of Education Web site at http://star.cde.ca.gov/ or by speaking with the school principal. Note: To protect student privacy, scores are not shown when the number of students tested is 10 or less.

## NRT - All Students

Data reported are the percent of students scoring at or above the 50th percentile.

| Subject | School |  |  | District |  |  | State |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ |
| Reading | --- | 4 | 7 | --- | 19 | 21 | --- | 43 | 43 |
| Mathematics | --- | 0 | 2 | --- | 25 | 29 | -- | 50 | 51 |

## NRT - Racial/Ethnic Groups

Data reported are the percent of students scoring at or above the 50th percentile.

| Subject | African- <br> American | American <br> Indian or <br> Alaska <br> Native | Asian | Filipino | Hispanic <br> or Latino | Pacific <br> Islander | White <br> (not <br> Hispanic) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Reading |  |  |  |  | 5 |  |  |
| Mathematics |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |  |

## NRT - Subgroups

Data reported are the percent of students scoring at or above the 50th percentile.

| Subject | Male | Female | English <br> Learners | Economically <br> Disadvantaged |  | Students With <br> Disabilities |  | Migrant <br> Education <br> Services |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | No | Yes | No |  |  |
| Reading | 6 | 8 | 0 | 4 | 12 |  | 7 |  |
| Mathematics | 0 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 0 |  | 2 |  |

## Local Assessment

Data reported are the percent of students meeting or exceeding the district standard.

| Grade Level | Reading |  |  | Writing |  |  | Mathematics |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 |
| K |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## California Physical Fitness Test

Data reported are the percent of students meeting fitness standards (scoring in the healthy fitness zone on all six fitness standards). Detailed information regarding the California Physical Fitness Test may be found at the California Department of Education Web site at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/tg/pf/. Note: To protect student privacy, scores are not shown when the number of students tested is 10 or less.

| Grade <br> Level | School |  |  | District |  |  | State |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Male | Total | Female | Male | Total | Female | Male |
|  |  |  |  | 13.3 | 12.9 | 13.6 | 24.8 | 26.7 | 22.9 |
| $\mathbf{9}$ | 14.3 |  |  | 12.8 | 3.1 | 21.9 | 29.1 | 31.3 | 27.0 |

## Academic Performance Index (API)

The Academic Performance Index (API) is a score on a scale of 200 to 1000 that annually measures the academic performance and progress of individual schools in California. On an interim basis, the state has set 800 as the API score that schools should strive to meet.

Growth Targets: The annual growth target for a school is 5 percent of the distance between its Base API and 800. The growth target for a school at or above 800 is to remain at or above 800 . Actual growth is the number of API points a school gained between its base and growth years. Schools that reach their annual targets are eligible for awards. Schools that do not meet their targets and have a statewide API rank of one to five are eligible to participate in the Immediate Intervention/Underperforming Schools Program (II/USP), which provides resources to schools to improve their academic achievement. There was no money allocated to the II/USP Program in 2002 or 2003.

Subgroup APIs and Targets: In addition to a schoolwide API, schools also receive API scores for each numerically significant subgroup in the school (i.e., racial/ethnic subgroups and socioeconomically disadvantaged students). Growth targets, equal to 80 percent of the school's target, are also set for each of the subgroups. Each subgroup must also meet its target for the school to be eligible for awards.

Percent Tested: In order to be eligible for awards, elementary and middle schools must test at least 95 percent of their students in grades 2-8 and high schools must test at least 90 percent of their students in grades 9-11 on STAR.

Statewide Rank: Schools receiving a Base API score are ranked in ten categories of equal size (deciles) from one (lowest) to ten (highest), according to type of school (elementary, middle, or high school).

Similar Schools Rank: Schools also receive a ranking that compares that school to 100 other schools with similar demographic characteristics. Each set of 100 schools is ranked by API score from one (lowest) to ten (highest) to indicate how well the school performed compared to schools most like it.

API criteria are subject to change as new legislation is enacted into law. Detailed information about the API and the Public Schools Accountability Act (PSAA) can be found at the California Department of Education Web site at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/ap/ or by speaking with the school principal.

## Schoolwide API

| API Base Data |  |  |  |  | API Growth Data |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ |  | From <br> $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ <br> to 2002 | From <br> 2002 <br> to 2003 | From <br> 2003 <br> to 2004 |
| Percent Tested |  |  | 68 | Percent Tested |  | 68 | 100 |
| API Base Score |  | 346 | 345 | API Growth Score |  | 344 | 352 |
| Growth Target |  | 23 | B | Actual Growth |  | -2 | 7 |
| Statewide Rank |  | 1 | B |  |  |  |  |
| Similar Schools Rank |  | N/A | B |  |  |  |  |

API Subgroups - Racial/Ethnic Groups

| API Base Data |  |  | API Growth Data |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { From } \\ & 2001 \\ & \text { to } 2002 \end{aligned}$ | From 2002 <br> to 2003 | $\begin{gathered} \text { From } \\ 2003 \\ \text { to } 2004 \end{gathered}$ |



API Subgroups - Socioeconomically Disadvantaged

| API Base Data |  |  | API Growth Data |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 |  | From <br> 2001 <br> to 2002 | From <br> 2002 2003 | From <br> 2003 <br> to 2004 |
| API Base Score |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Growth Target |  |  |  | API Growth Score |  |  |  |

## State Award and Intervention Programs

Although state intervention and awards programs are currently in the California Education Code, the programs were not funded for the period addressed by this report. Therefore, there are currently no data available to report.

## Federal Intervention Programs

Schools receiving Title I funding enter federal Program Improvement (PI) if they do not make Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP) for two consecutive years. After entering PI, schools advance to the next level of intervention with each additional year that they do not make AYP. Information about PI, including a list of all PI schools, can be found at the California Department of Education Web site at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/ay/ or by speaking with the school principal.

|  | School | District |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Year Identified for <br> Program Improvement |  | --- |
| Year in Program <br> Improvement |  | --- |


| Year Exited Program <br> Improvement |  | --- |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Number of Schools Currently <br> in Program Improvement | --- | 3 |
| Percent of Schools Identified <br> for Program Improvement | --- | 50.0 |

## Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP)

The federal No Child Left Behind Act (NCLB) requires that all students perform at or above the proficient level on the state's standards-based assessments by 2014. In order to achieve this goal and meet annual performance objectives, districts and schools must improve each year according to set requirements. A "Yes" in the following table displaying Overall AYP Status indicated that AYP was met for all students and all subgroups, or that exception criteria were met, or that an appeal of the school or district's AYP status was approved. Additional data by subgroup show whether all groups of students in the school and district made the annual measurable objectives for the percent proficient or above and the participation rate required under AYP. Detailed information about AYP can be found at the California Department of Education Web site at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/ay/ or by speaking with the school principal.

| Overall | School |  |  | District |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 |
| All Students | --- | No | Yes | --- | No | No |
| Subgroups | School |  |  | District |  |  |
|  | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 |
| All Students | --- | No | Yes | --- | No | Yes |
| African American | --- | n/a | n/a | --- | n/a | n/a |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | --- | n/a | n/a | --- | n/a | n/a |
| Asian | --- | n/a | n/a | --- | n/a | n/a |
| Filipino | --- | n/a | n/a | --- | n/a | n/a |
| Hispanic or Latino | --- | n/a | n/a | --- | No | Yes |
| Pacific Islander | --- | n/a | n/a | --- | n/a | n/a |
| White (not Hispanic) | --- | n/a | n/a | --- | n/a | n/a |
| Socioeconomically Disadvantaged | --- | n/a | n/a | --- | No | Yes |
| English Learners | --- | n/a | n/a | --- | No | No |
| Students with Disabilities | --- | n/a | n/a | --- | No | No |

## IV. School Completion (Secondary Schools)

## California High School Exit Exam (CAHSEE)

Beginning with the graduating class of 2006, students in California public schools will have to pass the California High School Exit Exam (CAHSEE) to receive a high school diploma. The School Accountability Report Card for that year will report the percent of students completing grade 12 who successfully completed the CAHSEE.
These data are not required to be reported until 2006 when they can be reported for the entire potential graduating class. When implemented, the data will be disaggregated by special education status, English language learners, socioeconomic status, gender, and ethnic group.

## Dropout Rate and Graduation Rate

Data reported regarding progress toward reducing dropout rates over the most recent three-year period include: grade 9-12 enrollment, the number of dropouts, and the one-year dropout rate as reported by CBEDS. The formula for the one-year dropout rate is (grades 9-12 dropouts divided by grades 9-12 enrollment) multiplied by 100. The graduation rate, required by the federal No Child Left Behind Act (NCLB), is calculated by dividing the number of high school graduates by the sum of dropouts for grades 9 through 12, in consecutive years, plus the number of graduates.

|  | School |  |  | District |  |  | State |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ |
|  | 54 | 54 | 55 | 818 | 837 | 819 | 1735576 | 1772417 | 1830664 |
| Number of <br> Dropouts | 3 | 3 | 1 | 6 | 20 | 5 | 47899 | 48210 | 58493 |
| Dropout Rate (1- <br> year) | 5.6 | 5.6 | 1.8 | 0.7 | 2.4 | 0.6 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 3.2 |
| Graduation Rate | 20.0 | 89.0 | 98.3 | 96.0 | 89.0 | 98.3 | 86.7 | 87.0 | 86.7 |

## V. Class Size

## Average Class Size and Class Size Distribution

Data reported are the average class size and the number of classrooms that fall into each size category (i.e., number of students), by grade level, as reported by CBEDS.

## No data are available for this section

## Average Teaching Load and Teaching Load Distribution

Data reported are the average class size and the number of classrooms that fall into each size category (i.e., number of students), by subject area, as reported by CBEDS.

## No data are available for this section

## Class Size Reduction Participation

California's K-3 Class Size Reduction program began in 1996 for children in kindergarten and grades one through three. Funding is provided to participating school districts to decrease the size of K-3 classes to 20 or fewer students per certificated teacher. Data reported are the percent of students in each grade level in the school that are in a class size reduction classroom.

| Grade Level | Percent of Students Participating |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 |
| K |  |  |  |
| 1 |  |  |  |
| 2 |  |  |  |
| 3 |  |  |  |

## VI. Teacher and Staff Information

## Core Academic Courses Not Taught by NCLB Compliant Teachers

The No Child Left Behind Act (NCLB) requires that all teachers teaching in core academic subjects are to be "highly qualified" not later than the end of the 2005-06 school year. In general, NCLB requires that each teacher must have: (1) a bachelor's degree, (2) a state credential or an Intern Certificate/Credential
for no more than three years, and (3) demonstrated subject matter competence for each core subject to be taught by the teacher. More information on teacher qualifications required under NCLB can be found at the California Department of Education's Web site at http://www.cde.ca.gov/nclb/sr/tq/.

For a school, the data reported are the percent of a school's classes in core content areas not taught by NCLB compliant teachers. For a district, the data reported are the percent of all classes in core content areas not taught by NCLB compliant teachers in all schools in the district, in high-poverty schools in the district, and in low-poverty schools in the district.

|  | School | District |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| This School | 100.0 | --- |
| All Schools in District | --- | 74.1 |
| High-Poverty Schools in <br> District | --- | 73.9 |
| Low-Poverty Schools in <br> District | --- | 100.0 |

## Teacher Credentials

Data reported are the number of teachers (full-time and part-time) as reported by CBEDS. Each teacher is counted as " 1 ". If a teacher works at two schools, he/she is only counted at one school. Data are not available for teachers with a full credential and teaching outside his/her subject area.

|  | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Teachers | 5 | 3 | 3 |
| Teachers with Full Credential | 5 | 3 | 3 |
| Teachers Teaching Outside Subject Area <br> (full credential but teaching outside subject area) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Teachers in Alternative Routes to Certification <br> (district and university internship) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pre-Internship | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Teachers with Emergency Permits <br> (not qualified for a credential or internship but meeting minimum requirements) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Teachers with Waivers <br> (does not have credential and does not qualify for an Emergency Permit) | 0 | 0 | 0 |

## Teacher Misassignments

Data reported are the number of placements of a certificated employee in a teaching or services position for which the employee does not hold a legally recognized certificate or credential, or the placement of a certificated employee in a teaching or services position that the employee is not otherwise authorized by statute to hold.

| Misassignments of Teachers of English Learners | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Teacher Misassignments | --- | --- | 0 |

## Teacher Education Level

Data reported are the percent of teachers by education level.

|  | School | District |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Doctorate | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Master's Degree plus 30 or more semester hours | 0.0 | 5.4 |
| Master's Degree | 0.0 | 8.7 |
| Bachelor's Degree plus 30 or more semester hours | 100.0 | 49.0 |
| Bachelor's Degree | 0.0 | 35.6 |
| Less than Bachelor's Degree | 0.0 | 1.3 |

## Vacant Teacher Positions

Data reported are the number of positions to which a single designated certificated employee has not been assigned at the beginning of the year for an entire year or, if the position is for a one-semester course, a position to which a single designated certificated employee has not been assigned at the beginning of a semester for an entire semester.

|  | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Vacant Teacher Positions | --- | --- | --- |

## Teacher Evaluations

Teachers new to our district are probationary and are evaluated each year during their first two years. Permanent teachers are evaluated every other year. The purpose of the evaluation is to promote quality instruction. The major areas evaluated are standards in teaching, student progress, instructional methodology, adherence to district goals and objectives, proper classroom control and suitable learning environment. Staff development activities occur during the academic year. The staff meets on Friday afternoon to work on WASC and standards in curriculum. Some Saturdays are set aside for district wide and site based inservice. Staff inservice topics have included Standards Alignment, WASC Accreditation Process, English Language Development, Student Assistance Training, ADHD, Gang Awareness etc.....

## Substitute Teachers

When teachers are absent, it is important to hire the highest quality substitute teachers possible. The continuity and quality of the program depends on the ability of the substitute to maintain consistency within the academic program. The school district has had difficulty attracting and maintaining substitute teachers due to the shortage of qualified teachers within Kern county. Many times when a San Joaquin High School Teacher is absent, the Principal and/or the Coordinator will substitute.

## Counselors and Other Support Staff

Data reported are in units of full-time equivalents (FTE). One FTE is defined as a staff person who is working 100 percent (i.e., full time). Two staff persons who each work 50 percent of full time also equal one FTE.

|  | Fitle |
| :--- | :---: |
| Counselor |  |
| Librarian |  |
| Psychologist |  |
| Social Worker |  |
| Nurse |  |


| Speech/Language/Hearing Specialist |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Resource Specialist (non-teaching) |  |
| Other | 1 |

## Academic Counselors

Data reported are in units of full-time equivalents (FTE). One FTE is defined as a staff person who is working 100 percent (i.e., full time). Two staff persons who each work 50 percent of full time also equal one FTE. The ratio of students per academic counselor is defined as enrollment as reported by CBEDS divided by the full-time-equivalent academic counselors.

## Number of Academic Ratio of Students Per

 Counselors (FTE) Academic Counselor
## VII. Curriculum and Instruction

## School Instruction and Leadership

San Joaquin High School is fully accredited by the Western Association of School and Colleges in the spring of 2001. During our last visit San Joaquin High School received a full six year term. A full accreditation will be conducted in the Spring of 2007.

San Joaquin High School and McFarland Independent School have open entry, open exit enrollment. Students earn credits at their own pace. Many students who attend the McFarland Learning Center are deficient in credits and have to earn credits at a faster rate to be on track with their graduating class. Variable credits are issued depending upon what the student has completed. The attainment of a diploma, English Language Development classes and Vocational Training classes are the site's primary focus.

## Professional Development

McFarland Unified School District offers many varied staff development inservices throughout the year. Staff Development Inservice topics and trainings have included Standard Alignment, English Language Development, Gang Awareness, ADHD Student Assistance Team Training, WASC, Digital and Technology Training and other related areas. Many of the certificated staff continue to take college and university courses for their professional growth and development.

## Quality and Currency of Textbooks and Other Instructional Materials

McFarland Unified Schools District has adopted a seven year cycle for curriculum framework and standards development for the adoption of instructional materials and texts. The courses of study, frameworks, standards, and curriculum are in alignment with that of the district's comprehensive high school. During the 2001-2002 the district reviewed the Mathematics curriculum. Presently we are in the process to be compliant with the Williams Act.

## Availability of Sufficient Standards-Aligned Textbooks and Other Instructional Materials

The availability of sufficient state-adopted (grades K-8) and standards-aligned (grades K-12) textbooks and other instructional materials for each pupil, including English learners, that are consistent with the
content and cycles of the curriculum frameworks adopted by the State Board of Education in the core curriculum areas of reading/language arts, mathematics, science, history-social science, foreign language, and health (for grades K to 12, inclusive); and science laboratory equipment (for grades 9 to 12, inclusive), as appropriate.

| Core Curriculum Areas | $\quad$ Availability of Textbooks/Materials |
| :--- | :--- |, | English Holt-Handbook 3rd , Universal Access Interactive |
| :--- |
| Reading, AGS Student Lit., AGS World Lit., AGS American |
| Lit., Lit. \& Language Arts Third Course, Lit. \& Language Arts |
|  |
| Language Arts Sixth Course |,

## Instructional Minutes

The California Education Code establishes a required number of instructional minutes per year for each grade. Data reported compares the number of instructional minutes offered at the school level to the state requirement for each grade.

| Grade <br> Level | Offered | State Requirement |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 36,000 |
| $\mathbf{1}$ |  | 50,400 |
| $\mathbf{2}$ |  | 50,400 |
| $\mathbf{3}$ |  | 50,400 |
| $\mathbf{4}$ |  | 54,000 |
| $\mathbf{5}$ |  | 54,000 |
| $\mathbf{6}$ |  | 54,000 |
| $\mathbf{7}$ |  | 54,000 |
| $\mathbf{8}$ |  | 54,000 |


| $\mathbf{9}$ |  | 64,800 |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ |  | 64,800 |
| $\mathbf{1 1}$ |  | 64,800 |
| $\mathbf{1 2}$ |  | 64,800 |

Continuation School Instructional Days
Data reported are the number of instructional days offered at the school level compared to the state requirement for each grade.

| Grade <br> Level | Instructional Days With At Least 180 Instructional <br> Minutes |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Offered | State Requirement |
| $\mathbf{9}$ | 182 | 180 days |
| 10 | 182 | 180 days |
| 11 | 182 | 180 days |
| 12 | 182 | 180 days |

## Total Number of Minimum Days

McFarland San Joaquin High (Cont.) School had 13 minimum days during 2003-2004 school year for Staff Development.

## VIII. Postsecondary Preparation (Secondary Schools)

## Advanced Placement/International Baccalaureate Courses Offered

The Advanced Placement (AP) and International Baccalaureate (IB) programs give students an opportunity to take college-level courses and exams while still in high school. Data reported are the number of courses and classes offered, and the enrollment in various AP and IB classes. The data for Fine and Performing Arts include AP Art and AP Music, and the data for Social Science include IB Humanities.

## No data are available for this section

## Students Enrolled in Courses Required for University of California (UC) and California State University (CSU) Admission

Data reported are the number and percent of students enrolled in courses required for UC and/or CSU admission. The percent of students is calculated by dividing the total number of students enrolled in courses required for UC and/or CSU admission (a duplicated count) by the total number of students enrolled in all courses (also a duplicated count).

No data are available for this section

## Graduates Who Have Completed All Courses Required for University of California (UC) and California State University (CSU) Admission

Data reported are the number and percent of graduates who have completed all courses required for UC and/or CSU admission. The percent of graduates is calculated by dividing the total number of graduates who have completed all courses required for UC and/or CSU admission by the total number of graduates.

| Graduates | Who Have Completed All Courses <br> Required | Who Have Completed All Courses <br> Required |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 | For UC and/or CSU Admission |  |$\quad$ For UC and/or CSU Admission

## SAT I Reasoning Test

Students may voluntarily take the SAT test for college entrance. The test may or may not be available to students at a given school. Students may take the test more than once, but only the highest score is reported at the year of graduation. Detailed information regarding SAT results may be found at the California Department of Education Web site at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ds/sp/ai/. Note: To protect student privacy, scores are not shown when the number of students tested is 10 or less.

## No data are available for this section

## College Admission Test Preparation Course Program

Students preparing to enroll in a college and/or a university are encouraged to return to the District's Comprehensive high school as soon as possible. The McFarland Learning Center provides the opportunity for limited college preparation courses.

## Degree to Which Students are Prepared to Enter Workforce

Many students are encouraged to participate in office aide, teacher aide and vocational classes as well as the enrollment of North Kern Vocational Training Program courses. The North Kern Vocational Training Program offers many classes designed to prepare students to enter the work world.

## Enrollment and Program Completion in Career/Technical Education (CTE)

## Programs

Data reported are from the Report of Career-Technical Education Enrollment and Program Completion for School Year 2002-2003 (CDE 101 E-1). Data have been aggregated to the district level.

| CTE <br> Participants | Secondary CTE Students |  |  | Grade 12 CTE Students |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Course Enrollment | Number <br> of <br> Concentrators | $\substack{\text { Number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { Completers }}$ | Completion Rate | Number of Completers | Number Earning Diploma | Graduation Rate |

## IX. Fiscal and Expenditure Data

County offices of education are not required to report average salaries and expenditures. The California Department of Education's School Fiscal Services Division does not calculate statewide average salary and expenditure information for county offices of education.

## Average Salaries (Fiscal Year 2002-2003)

Data reported are the district average salary for teachers, principals, and superintendents, compared to the state average salaries for districts of the same type and size, as defined by Education Code Section 41409. Detailed information regarding salaries may be found at the California Department of Education Web site at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ds/fd/cs/ and http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/sa/salaries0203.asp.

| Category | $\begin{array}{c}\text { District } \\ \text { Amount }\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c}\text { State Average } \\ \text { For Districts }\end{array}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| In Same Category |  |  |$]$| Beginning Teacher Salary | $\$ 35,510$ | $\$ 52,959$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Mid-Range Teacher Salary | $\$ 52,256$ | $\$ 67,258$ |
| Highest Teacher Salary | $\$ 66,528$ | $\$ 81,685$ |
| Average Principal Salary (Elementary) | $\$ 85,578$ | $\$ 84,552$ |
| Average Principal Salary (Middle) | $\$ 89,946$ | $\$ 90,405$ |
| Average Principal Salary (High) | $\$ 94,229$ | $\$ 115,648$ |
| Superintendent Salary | 38.7 | 40.6 |
| Percent of Budget for Teacher Salaries | 4.5 | 5.9 |
| Percent of Budget for Administrative Salaries |  |  |

Expenditures (Fiscal Year 2002-2003)
Data reported are total dollars expended in the district and the dollars expended per student at the district compared to the state average. Detailed information regarding expenditures may be found at the California Department of Education Web site at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ds/fd/ec/.

| District | District | State Average <br> For Districts <br> In Same Category | State Average <br> All Districts |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Dollars | Dollars per Student <br> (ADA) | Dollars per Student <br> (ADA) | Dollars per Student <br> (ADA) |
| $\$ 20,067,689$ | $\$ 7,318$ | $\$ 6,882$ | $\$ 6,822$ |

## Types of Services Funded

| SIP | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| EIA/LEP | $\$ 6,890$ |
| Title V | $\$ 530$ |
| Title I | $\$ 22,004$ |
| Title III | $\$ 2,271$ |
| $10^{\text {th }}$ Gr. Counsel | $\$ 531$ |

